EDWARD B. WHITNEY, ANTI-SNAPPER, NAMED FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL-

AN EDITORIAL POSTMASTER. Washington, March 15 .- The President to-day sent nominations to the Senate; the following William McAdoo, of New-Jersey, to be Assistant

Secretary of the Navy. Edward B. Whitney, of New-York, to be Assistant Attorney-General, vice Abraham X. Parker, resigned. Captain Charles W. Williams, assistant quartermaster, to be major and quartermaster; Captain James N. Whelan, 2d Cavalry, to be major; Captain Adam Kramer, 6th Cavalry, to be major; Captain Ezra P. owers, 5th Infantry, to be major; First Lieutenant



WILLIAM M'ADOO

Frederick W. Sidley, 2d Cavairy, to be captain; First Lieutenant Benjamin H. Cheever, 6th Cavairy, to be captain; First Lieutenant William H. O. Bowen. 5th Infantry, to be captain; Second Lieutenant Harry G. Trout, 6th Cavalry, to be first lieu-tenant; Second Lieutenant Edward C. Brooke, 6th Cavalry, to be first lieutenant; Second Lieutenant George B. Davis, 234 Infantry, to be first lieutenant; Major Richard Combs, 5th Infantry, to be lieutenantelonel; First Lieutenant Wright P. Edgerton, 24 Artillery, to be associate professor of mathemathics at Military Academy.

Passed Assistant Engineer Charles W. Rae, to be s chief engineer; Assistant Engineer William II. Allderdice, to be a passed assistant engineer.

Postmasters: Robert B. Brown, fit Meadville,

Penn.; Dale J. Crittenberger, at Anderson, Ind.; Stephen Smith, at Tama, Iowa; Charles H. Long, at Tipton, lowa; Joseph Swindlehurst, at Livingston,



EDWARD B. WHITNEY.

Mr. Brown's nomination, besides being the first made to a postmastership has, at the outset, broken the rule said to have been laid down that newspaper the rule said to have been laid down that newspaper men should not be appointed to office. Mr. Brown is the owner and Editor of "The Messenger," a Democratic weekly published at Meadville. Mr. Brown has also shown his ability as a "hustler." The Republican incumbent of the office, appointed almost four years ago by Mr. Harrison, was removed, and about three weeks before his term was out Mr. Harrison sent the name of W. S. Rose to the Senate for the place. Mr. Brown heard of this and came down to Washington post haste, armed with letters of introduction to Democratic Senators. He succeeded in having the nomination held up until the Republican Administration went out of power, and then used his influence to secure his own nomination.

W n McAdoo, who has been named for Assistetary of the Navy, has been a resident of Jersey City for many years. He was born in Ireland In 1853, and was brought to this country when a child by his parents. In 1874 he was admitted to the bar after having studied law with ex-Corgressman Soudder. He entered politics when a young man, and, after serving a term in the Legislature, he was elected a member of the XLVIIIth Congress from the Viith He was re-elected to the XLIXth, Lth and List Congresses. About two years ago he opened a law office at No. 10 Wall-st., in this city.

Edward B. Whitney, the newly nominated Assistant Attorney-General, is a son of the eminent philologist, Dr. William Dwight Whitney, of Yale. He was born in New-Haven on August 17, 1857, and was graduated from Yale in 1878. He did some work on newspaper, and then studied law at Yale and Columbia Law schools. He was admitted to the bar in 1880, and for a time was managing clerk of the firm of Bristow, Peet & Opdyke. In 1883, with General Henry L. Burnett, who was a member of that firm, he formed the firm of Burnett & Whitney, to which he now belongs. He has never held public office, but was one of the organizers of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, and was its secretary from its formation in 1858 to 1800. He was secretary of the organization of the Anti-Snappers in this city a year ago, and was by their State convention. He belongs to the Century and Lawyers' Clubs and the Bar Association, is a trustee of the Reform Club, and a member and formerly an Executive Committeeman of the Democratic Club.

THE CLERKS WILL HAVE TO TRUST UNCLE SAM. Washington, March 15 .- The probabilities are that the clerks and some other employes in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing will have to take certificates of indebtedness instead of cash for their salaries for the rest of the current fiscal year, as the result of an error in the enrolment of the Deficiency bill, by which the word "thousand" was left off after an ap propriation intended to be \$37,000. It is said at the Appropriation Committee room that it is likely that this will be considered as a case wherein Government flicers are authorized to create an indebtedness under the statute providing that no Government officer shall incur any indebtedness for the Government, except to save life and property. It may be held that the em ployment of these clerks is necessary to save prop rty; the clerks will then receive certificates statin that they have rendered service to the value named,

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. HANDSOME, DURABLE, CHEAP.

If You Could buy some quaint, odd piece of furniture, artistically designed, at an unusually low price. If you could know that it was well-made and durable, that it would last, you'd secure it-

Wouldn't you?

If You Would, call on us. We have some exceptionally tasteful styles, our own designs. They're marked at much below the ordinary retailers' prices. You should see them-

Will you? "BUY OF THE MAKER."

GEO. C. FLINT CO., Furniture Makers,

104, 106 and 108 West 14th St.

and these they will probably be able to get discounted

Several other errors in enrolment have been discovered. In the Pension Appropriation bill an appro-priation of \$305,000 was intended for fees of examin-ing surgeons. In enrolling the word "five" was left out, so that the item reads "three hundred and thou-sand dollars," Other mistakes are expected to come to light every day. to light every day.

A SUBMARINE TORPEDO-BOAT WANTED.

INVENTORS INVITED TO TRY THEIR HAND ON

ONE WHOLLY OR PARTLY SUBMERGED. Washington, March 15 (Special).-In the Naval Ap propriation act for 1893-94 \$200,000 is made available for building a submarine torpedo-boat and con ducting experiments therewith. There has been question as to what "submarine" meant. In certain quarters it was supposed that the Appropriation act contemplated a boat wholly submergeable, while other authorities have held the opinion that the expression referred to boats either partly of wholly submerge able. Doubt in the matter was set at rest vester day by Secretary Herbert, who construed the claus to mean that submarine boats included those which

run either partly or entirely underneath the water. In considering the question, the Secretary recalled the discussions before the House Committee on Naval Affeirs, which indicated a desire on the part of its members to secure for the Navy the best practicable type of submarine torpedo-boats. Commodore Sampson, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, is now pre-paring advertisements, to be issued to the inventors of the country, inviting plans and specifications of torpedo-boats such as are required by the Navy Department. These advertisements will be issued in a few days, and it is believed that the inventive genius of the country will be equal to the demand thus made upon it. In its advertisement the Bureau of Ordnance will indicate only general conditions which submarine boats are expected to produce, perfection in this tine being left to the mechanical ingenuity of perne who have given the subject great attention.

The Bureau will accept the boat which gives the best results upon preliminary trials, and experiments with it to achieve the highest possible development will subsequently be made. At present there is but will subsequently be made. At present there is but one wholly submergeable beat known to the Depertment—the Baker beat—but no doubt is entertained that the present incentive to invention will bring forward other boats equally practicable. In case a suitable boat is found, it is quite probable that Congress will be asked for larger appropriations for the construction of craft of this character. Naval experts recognize the importance and value of such beats, and an inventor who is fortunate coungh to produce a thoroughly practicable and efficient boat may be said to have discovered a veritable gold mine.

REAR-ADMIRAL HARMONY RELIEVED.

Washington, March 15.-Rear Admiral David B. Har mony has been relieved from command of the Asiatic Station and ordered home. Admiral Harmony assumed command of the Asiatic station in February, 1802, since when, it is said, his health has been poor. Some time ago he applied for retirement under the forty years' service law and his request was granted. He was appointed from Pennsylvania in granted. He was appointed from Pennsylvania in 1847, and has had twenty-one years' sea service Rear-Admiral Irwin, now commandant of the Mare Island Navy Yard, has been ordered to relieve Admiral Harmony. Admiral Harmony's retirement will promote Commodore Weaver to Rear-Admiral.

COMMISSIONER STONE RESIGNS.

Washington, March 15.-The President has ac epted the resignation of Governor W. M. Stone, of lowa, Commissioner of the General Land Office, to

THE MEETING OF THE SENATE.

Washington, March 15 .- A communication was presented from the Interior Department in answer to a resolution of last session, inquiring as to whether permission for sunday concerts in the Pension Office ad been given. It states that such permission had been applied for and had been expressly refused. and that the building had not been used on Sunday

for such purpose. credentials of Mr. Beckwith, appointed as Senator from Wyoming, were presented by Mr. Vatice, were read and were laid on the table to be reported

to the Committee on Privileres and Elections.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate the resolutions of the Massachusetts Legislature, favoring the annexation of the Hawaiian Isaands. They were laid on the table. After the committees were appointed the Senate adjourned till to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

INCREASED LIQUIDATING SALES.

SUGAR'S ERRATIC COURSE-RUMORS ABOUT MIS SOURI PACIFIC.

There was an increased pressure of liquidating sales in the stock market yesterday which resulted in larger activity and general material declines in prices. Money on call was in active demand at stiff rates, but there were no new developments that explaned the weakness of the speculation. There was also a notable absence of the malignant rumors which sometimes ata rush to sell American Sugar certificates at the opening, but after a fall to 52 1-2 the price steadied itself and closed at a recovery to 57 1-4, a net gain of 11-8 per cent. But the rallway share list grew weaker as the day were on, and in the afternoon Missouri Pacific broke sharply, touching 4s, and at 491-2 at the close showed a net loss of 3.7-8 per cent.

There were numerous rumors that the company con templated a new issue of bonds. These stories were denied by directors of the company. It was said that there were some old issues which were open to redescrition this year, and provision might be made for their refunding at a saving of interest to the company. It is understood that when the Missouri Pa cific board of directors meets to organize in this city after the annual election, just held in St. Louis, S. II H. Clark will retire from the presidency of the Union Pacific to become president of the Missouri Pacific. The breakup of the coal combine was celebrated yes

terday by a sharp decline in Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. Owing to the exhaustion of liquidation in Philadelphia and Rending, the price of that stock held steady and ended without change. But Lacks wanna sold down to 13s 1-4, and closed at 13s 7-5 against 141 3-4 Tuesday night. It is the first time is months that Lackawanna has seld below 140. The reduction ordered in April prices by the sales agent of the anthracite companies is generally regarded in coal circles as indicative of a further decline. The statement of the Reading receivers shows 1,107,839 tons of coal in the possession of the company, while about an equal amount is in process of sale on thirty and sixty days' contracts. There are no statistics available to compare the stock of coal on hand at the date selected in the receivers' report (February 20) with the same date a year ago, but coal mer believe that it is larger, because the figures available as to the Reading's stock at tide-water points show as increase over last year. It is feared that financial necessities may force the Reading to sacrifice part of

this heavy supply of unsold coal. Other declines in the active stock list that exceeded 1 per cent were recorded by Union Pacific New-York and New-England, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, Rock Island, Western Union, Wabash pre-lerred and Lake Shore. The market closed weak, with prices down to about lowest points for all except a few properties.

The money market on call commanded a more gen erally high range than on any previous day since the monetary stringency set in. The rate at the Stoci Exchange did not rise above 12 per cent, but the bull of the business was done from 8 to 12 per cent, and of the business was done from 8 to 12 per cent, and lower quotations were exceptional. There is continued reluctance on the part of the banks to lend money on time, and the negotiation of commercial paper is still extremely difficult. It is said to be practically sill extremely difficult. It is said to be practically impossible to sell this paper in the open market, but the banks are doing their utmost to accommodate their own customers in the mercantile commonity.

The movement of funds to the interior has slackened decidedly, but there still are daily shipments to country banks. The stringency in money demoralizes the foreign exchanges, so that no gold exports are possible. Bankers are worried, however, lest any decline in money rates should restore to Europe its power to draw American gold in settlement of the unfavorable trade balence of the country.

DR. EDWARD EVERETT HALE SPEAKS.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale, of Boston, president of the Ramabal Association, organized to aid the educational work undertaken by Ramabai for the child widows in India, spoke at the annual meeting of the Ramabai Circle, in Brooklyn, last evening, in Historical Hall. There was a large attendance of peo-ple interested in the work of the circle, of which Mrs. Mary J. Field is president. Dr. Lyman Abbott presided and spoke of the work of the Brooklyn Circle. Dr. Hale discussed at length the subject of "Education in India," with especial reference to the work of Ramabai. She has attempted to train child widows to aid in carrying out in all parts of India work similar to that she has undertaken. In regard to the statements that her school was not Christian, the speaker said that it was Christian in the same way that the public schools of Brooklyn were or Harvard College was. No attempt was allowed to impress any particular religious faith upon any pupil. The officers of the association elected were Mrs. Mary J. Field, president; Mrs. A. J. Perry, secretary; John Notman, treasurer; Dr. Seth Low, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, Dr. T. L. Cuyler, Mrs. H. K. Sheldon, Mrs. Seth Low, Mrs. James McKeen, Mrs. Mary Baylis, Miss Josephine

(uticura Resolvent

A SKIN and blood purifier of incomparable purity and curative power. An acknowledged specific of world-wide celebrity. Entirely vegetable, safe, innocent, and palatable. Effects daily more great cures of skin, scalp, and blood humors than all other skin and blood remedies before the public. Sale greater than the combined sales of all other blood and skin remedies.

244 Accompliant Price \$1, POTER DRUG

Sold everywhere. Price, \$1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL COMPONATION, Boston. 82 Send for "How to Cure Spring Humors, Blood Humors, Skin Humors, Scalp Humors."

Thompson, Mrs. Lyman Abbott, Mrs. Henry Elliott, Miss L. S. Gilbert, Charles A. Hull, Alexander For-man, Mrs. R. S. Flint and Abbot L. Dow, directors.

MRS. NEAME GETS HER DIVORCE.

HER HUSBAND'S COUNTER-SUIT WITHDRAWN-

\$1,000 A YEAR ALIMONY. Judge McAdam, in the Superior Court yesterday, confirmed the report of ex-Judge Henry E. Howland, as referee, recommending that Mrs. Douglas J. Neame receive an absolute divorce from her husband, ame is the daughter of William H. Henriques, the broker. She met Neame, who was a London broker. on board a steamship, and was married to him sep tember 30, 1889, at St. James, Piccatilly, London England. She is now twenty-three years old. Since then she has made two trips to this country, the last time in July, 1891, alone. She has not lived with

her husband since that time.

In her suit for divorce she named as co-respondent Minnie Cooper, an inmate of the House of All Nations, No. 17 West Thirty-second-st. brought a counter-suit, charging his wife with being intimate with Frank Ellison, the well-known club man, who has been brought into prominence lately by persistently visiting Mrs. Neame at her father's house against Mr. Henriques's protests, until the latter called upon Inspector Evrnes to keep the young man away from his house. It was said that he was marry Mts. Neame as soon as she got her divorce

It appears from the testimony that Mr. Neame with drew his charge against his wife, and that Mrs. Neame's suit only was considered. Mrs. Neame testifled that Neame had told her before her marriage that he had an income of \$60,000 a year, and would have \$100,000 a year more when certain investments in Canadian railroads began paying. His real income was about \$10,000 a year. He was a member of the tirm of Woods, Nerme & Co., Draper's Gardens, Lon-don She had heard that he had been put out of that office. He had asket Mr. Henriques for a loan of \$40,000 to settle certain debts which he had contracted with a Captain Kinlock, but the loan was refused. Mrs. Henriques corroborated her daughter's evidence.

The Cooper woman admitted on the stand that Neame had visited her, other witnesses corroborating

Ellison testified that he had walked with Neome far as the door of the house in Thirty second st. He said that he had frequently dired with Mrs. Neume the Park Avenue Hotel and at the Franswick, in is city, and was with Mrs. Neame and her mother st summer at Long Branch, Narragansett Fer and her piaces. He relaxed to say whether or not be tended to marry Mrs. Neame. Counsel for Mr, ame offered to prove that Mrs. Neame had decelved in husband, but was not allowed to introduce the silmony. Mrs. Neame secures an absolute divorce and \$1,000 a year allmony.

MYSTERIOUS VISITORS TO ME. BYENES.

A MAN AND WOMAN CALL AT POLICE HEAD QUARTERS WITH AN EMPTY JEWEL BOX.

A man and a woman, who looked like persons of wealth and position, went to Police Headquarters yes terday afternoon and asked for an interview will Superintendent Eyrnes. Mr. Byrnes was not then it his office. They appeared to be di-appointed greatly by the information, and asked for an interview with the officer in charge of the Detective Eureau, saying securities, and she seemed to be excited. couple had left Police Headquarters the officials re the woman betrayed so much anxiety as to indicate that she had been robbed. The man who had accompanied her to the Central Office was said to be

panied her to the hank president.

Inspector McLaughlin left his office later, and it was believed that he had gone to make a personal in-vestigation of a robbery at the house of the visiters.

MEETING OF GREENWOOD LOT OWNERS

At a meeting of the lot owners of Greenwood Ceme At a meeting of the 10 dwine 20 Broadway the annual report of the trustees was received and adopted. J. R. Taylor presided. The report showed that a great improvement had been made in a part of the come tery by the removal of unsightly hedges from about tery by the removal of unsightly hedges from about 1,500 lots. About \$131,000 has been added to the fund for the improvement and care of the cemetery and \$34,000 subscribed to the fund for the permanent care of lots.

THE NARONIC NOT YET HEARD FROM The Naronic has not been heard from. The vessel-

coming over the northern and southern tracks bring no news of the missing White star freighter. Her fate is generally considered as one of the mysteries of the sea. Experienced scamen and navigators ar unable to advance any theory which will satisfactorily account for the disappearance of the big steamer, the has been out from Liverpool ever since February 11, and has not been sighted since she passed Fastnet

THE WEATHER REPORT.

WARMING UP BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI Washington, March 15.-The storm central over New Washington, March 15.—The storm central over New-England this morning has moved to the northwestward fol-lowed by westerly gules and clearing weather on the Atlantic Coast. The pressure has increased east of the Mississippi, and has decreased rapidly between the Missi-sippi and the Rocky Mountains. The torometer has also risen on the Pacific Coast. The weather continues fair, except in the lower take region, where local showers are reported, and in Rocky Mountain districts, where the alconducts has increased. It is from 10 to 20 degrees cloudiness has increased. It is from 10 to 20 degrees colder in the States on the Atlantic Coast, and it is colder in the States on the Atlantic costs, and it is generally warmer west of the Mississippl. The indica-tions are that cloudiness will increase in the central valleys and the Northwest, probably followed by local snows in the States of the Missouri Valley. The weather will continue fair on the Atlantic Coast with cold northerly contains (a) on the definition winds Thursday.

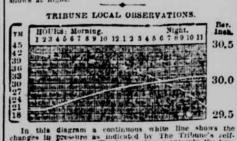
Rivers—The Ohio from Cincinnati to Cairo is rising.
The Mississippi from Cairo to New-Orleans is stationary.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, fair, continued cold northwester!

winds in southern portions, colder; northwesterly winds in the northern portions.

For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, generally fair, continued cold, northerly winds.

For Western New-York, Western Pennsylvania and thio light local snews and clearing. For Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana and Illinois ,local news at night. TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's referencing bareneter. The broken line represents the temperature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, March 16, 1 a. m .- Except for Tribune Office, March 16, 1 a. m.—Except for a latter rain yesterday before dawn the weather was fine, with brisk to high northwesterly breezes—the charact riskie March and a sharp fall in temperature, ranging between midnight and midnight from 42 degrees to 21. The day's average (32%) was 8% higher than on the corresponding day last year and 11% lower than on Tuesday.

In and near this city to-day there will protably be fair, cold weather. JOSEPH W. REINHART'S SUCCESS.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE MAN WHO REORGANIZED

THE BIG ATCHISON SYSTEM.

seph W. Reinhart, the newly elected president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, is regarded by railroad men as one of the most successful financiers in the handling of railroad properties in the United States. He is also recognized as an able executive officer; fully capable of filling the place so long filled by Allen Manvel. Mr. Reinhart was at the Windsor Hotel yesterday, and he talked most encouragingly to a reporter for The Tribune about the future of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railcond. He says that the coming year is sure to be a successful one for all railroad companies that are properly managed, and this year he expects that the business of the Santa Fe will be increased by several million dollars. Mr. Reinhart has just re turned from Chirago, where Lusiness called him, and after a brief visit to his summer home, Ridgeview. in Netherwood, N. J., and to Boston, he expects to return to the World's Fair city. He says he has not yet decided where he will make his headquarters, but Chicago may be selected as the place for the presi-dent's offices during the World's Columbian Exposition, at least. The santa Fe, he said, was getting its share of the World's Fair business already, and it

would also have considerable to take care of for the



JOSEPH W. REINHART.

Mr. Reinhart is a man of striking appearance; has a finely shaped head, and is evidently a man of strong haracter. He is a native of Pittsburg, Penn., anhas been in the railway business since July 1869. In Japanary, 1883, after being auditor of the Richmond and Allegueny Road, he took charge of the general auditorship of the New York, West Shore and Budalo Railroad, and it was here that his ability in financial affairs began to show itself. He organized all the accounting in all the departments upon a system which has since been used as a model by other large railroad caporations, including the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad company. After closing up all the receiver's accounts of the West Shore Road In 1886 he was made general passenger and ticket agent of the Lake shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, and in that place he reorganized the passenger as a special railroad expert. On November 1, 1888. he went to Lo-ton to make an inspection and report upon the Atchison road. He made a thorough in vestigation of the accounts which were presented in the famous 140 page report. Mr. Reinhart later made an inspection of every part of the Atchison ystem, presenting to the board early in 1989 his ecommendations to amalgamate the scattered proper tles and work them as one railroad system. This ng promptly adopted by the directors, resulted in a large increases of earnings. He then gave his attention to the financial condition of the property It had \$173,000,000 bends outstanding of forty-three eparate and district issues, with various rates of interest, while its annual fixed charges were \$12,000, 000, with not cornings of about \$6,500,000. In two weeks' time he conceived and wrote out the financial weeks' time he conceived and wrote out the financial recognization known as "Circular 63," which was presented to the heard, promptly accepted, and on Coloisr 15, 1859, was effered to the company's investors for acceptance. Mr. Reinbart, then as vice-president and head financial officer, pushed the plan through, and inside of two months he reported to the locard its compiles success. This not only placed the company on a sesind financial lucks, and reduced its bond issues from forty-three to two, but it also saved the vast property from almost innumerable receiversides and disintegration.

THEY PAVOR WOMEN COMMISSIONERS.

THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

DISCUSS THE ALBANY BILL. The discussion of the question: " Are women desirable as members of Boards of Education !" took up the greater part of the time of the commissioners that body at the regular meeting yesterday. as of the discussion was a letter from Mayor Gilroy asking for the opinion of the board on a bill row in the Legislature, providing that a fourth of the members of the Boards of Education in the State shall be women. Although the commissioners decided that the bill was objectionable, many arguments were pr doners under certain conditions. Commissioners Hunt. Hubbell and Holt strongly favored the appointment of nen commis-ioners, but Commissioner O'Brien desired to be put on record as opposed to the pro-

S. G. Pratt suggested to the board that it would be appropriate at the great naval review, which is to take place April 27, to have 10,000 or 20,000 school children on Redlow's I-land, to sing the National anthems of the various foreign nations as their ships pass the island. Action on the suggestion will be

taken later. The Board placed itself on record as opposed to the bill introduced in the Legislature at the instigation

of the "Teachers' Matual Benefit Association of New-York City." The full proposes that all fines imposed on teachers be turned into the treasury of the association.

A FIGHT OVER BUTTER AND EGGS.

Considerable excitement and bitter feeling were hown yesterday morning by the members of the Mercantile Exchange at a special meeting which was held in the Exchange Building, at Harrison and Hudbutter and eggs." brought in two reports, and hot debate on the metits of the two reports followed. The majority report, which did not favor the posed changes, was signed by James Rowland, B. F. Van Valkenburgh, H. T. Nichols and Henry J. Maher. The minority report was signed by James Anderson. The first report was finally adopted.

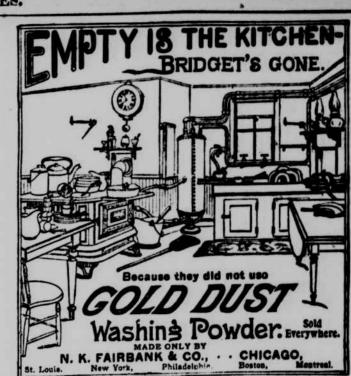


KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others, and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the

form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kilneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them, and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrap of Fizs is for sale by all draggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not principal through trains of the New-York Central. accept any substitute if offered.



"A Great Auction Sale."



On Tuesday next, 21st inst., and four following days we will sell by auction A REMARKABLE COLLECTION OF OVER ONE THOUSAND ANTIQUE AND MOD-ERN EASTERN RUGS AND CARPETS. selected during the past four years by an expert and merchant importer of this City, official exhibitor for Persia at the World's Columbian Exposition by appointment of the Commission-General representing His Imperial Majesty the Shah of Persia.

This collection has been made with a view to illustrate, to the fullest extent possible, "The Art of the Loom in the East," and we are satisfied that the display will be such as to appeal to the connoisseur, amateur, and the whole

THE EXHIBITION WILL BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC ON SATURDAY, 18TH INST., AT THE AMERICAN ART GAL-LERIES, MADISON SQUARE SOUTH.

Catalogues, with Illustrations and an interesting article on Oriental Rugs, by S. G. W. Benjamin, published by courtesy of The Cosmopolitan, mailed on applica-

THOMAS E. KIRBY, AUCTIONEER,

The American Art Association,

MANAGERS.

6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South.

THE OLD WOMAN DENIED HER DAUGHTER

THAT WAS BEFORE SHE DIED-NOW THE CHILD WANTS HER MONEY. The will of Mrs. Selenda M. Guthrie, who died or

July 18, 1892, in New-York, was offered for probate in the Orphans' Court in Newark on Thursday morn ing. Mrs. Guthrie was possessed of certain property in South Orange valued at \$50,000. James McMorrow, the lawyer who drew the will, testified that Mrs. Guthrie had told him that she had no children, but that she feared a woman whom she had allowed to pass as her daughter would contest the will. Ex senator Stuhr, who appeared for the woman in tion, Mrs. Marcella Edwards, of No. 316 West Forty ninth st., New-York, contended that his client was daughter of Mrs. Guthrie. He said that she had lef home when she married and that she had not seen her mother again until she had seen her body in the coffin. In her old age, Mr. Stuhr said, Mrs. Guthrie son sts. A committee appointed to report on the advisability of "changing the present methods of dealing cella was not her daughter, and also that when she had made her will she had not sufficient testa mentary capacity.

Mrs. Mary Jane Hawkins, a sister of Mrs. Guthrie was placed on the stand. She lives in Hoboken and is eighty-three years old. She remembered her sister's marriage, and said that in 1849 her sister has written to her from New-Orleans informing her that she had a child. She said Mrs. Guthrle had returned to South Orange the following year, but that she had not seen the child until three years later. The child had been called Marcella. She had seen Marcella grow up to womanhood. She had married a man named Smith, but he had died, and she had married again. Her second husband, whose name the wit-ness did not know, had also died, and then Marcella had married a man named Edwards. Soon after the first marriage the witness said Marcella and her mother had fallen out and they had been ever afterward estranged, although Marcella had frequently visited the witness's home. Edgar M. Taylor testified to having known Marcella

from childhood, and said that she had always be known as a daughter of the Guthries. He recalled an instance when, in a conversation with Mr. Guthrie over harsh treatment of somebody by Mrs. Guthrie the former had said: "What could you expect when she treats her own daughter as she does?" Alexander H. Johnson, a nephew of Mrs. Guthrie, testified that he had known Marcella from childhood, and that on one occasion, while visiting his aunt, his wife had called attention to Marcella's picture which hang on the wall and had remarked, "How much like Aunt selends she looks." Mrs. Guthrie, he said, at that time had said: "That girl is not my daughter; her real name is Lizzie O'Neil, and I got her in Bellevue Hospital in New-York." This closed the testimony, of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in | and, as Mrs. Edwards was too ill to be present, the case was adjourned until March 28.

By the terms of the will Mrs. Jessie Woodrow, a By the terms of the will Mrs. Jessie Woodrow, a servant, who is a witness to the document, receives the testator's watch and chain, silverware, diningroun furniture and the contents of any one bedroom; to Mrs. Mary Ann Blanchard, of No. 345 East Thirtieth-st., New-York, is left the rest of her personal property; to Mrs. Jennie Hell, of No. 34 Pulsaki-st., East Orange, is left a lot in Tichenor-ave., East Orange; Miss Woodrow, \$1,000; Dr. Nell Hepburn, \$1,000; May Moorningstar, daughter of Mrs. Blanchard, \$1,000, and Margaret Cramer, of Downer's Grove, Ill., the balance of the proceeds of a sale of the real estate.

TO DECIDE THE HARRIS CASE TO DAY. Recorder Smyth said yesterday that he would hand down a decision to-day in the case of Carlyle W. Harris.

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PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS. PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

FIFTH AVENUE—Senator R. F. Pettigr'w, of South
Dakota; ex-Senator F. E. Warren, of Wyaming; Congressman Moses T. Stevens, of Massachusetts; Marquis &
Rudini, of the Italian Legation at Washington; ex-Governor Prederick Robie, of Maine, and C. W. Palrbanka,
of Inganapolis, GILSEY—Ex-Congressman Albert B.
Willis, of Kentucky. HOLLAND—Ex-Secretary Suppose
B. Eikins, MURRAY HILL—Coffgressman James S.
Sherman, of Utica. WESTMINSTER—Ex-Atternay-General Charles F. Tabor, of Buffalo.